

OPTIMIZES WORK PROCESSES

DEFINITION

Knowing the most	and	processes to get things
done, with a focus on		

SKILLED BEHAVIORS

- Identifies and creates the processes necessary to get work done
- Separates and combines activities into efficient workflow
- Designs processes and procedures that allow managing from a distance
- Seeks ways to improve processes, from small tweaks to complete reengineering

LESS SKILLED BEHAVIORS

- Works in a disorganized fashion
- Has difficulty figuring out effective and efficient processes to get things done
- Accepts processes as they are; pays little attention to process improvement
- Doesn't take advantage of opportunities for synergy and efficiency

POSSIBLE CAUSES OF LESSER SKILL

- Not focused on improvement.
- Doesn't view things in terms of systems.
- Disorganized.
- Stuck in old ways; rejects emerging science and technology.
- Too autonomous or independent.
- Lacks knowledge of process tools (mapping, PDCA/Lean basics, metrics).
- Resists learning and change.
- Dislikes structure and routine; bias for action over systems thinking; impatience with design and testing.



THE STEPS

STEP 1: CHOOSE WHICH PROCESS TO OPTIMIZE

- What's not working?
- What are people complaining about?
- What is best for the customer?
- What process has bottlenecks resulting in deadlines or results missed?
- What aligns with the DOH strategic plan (gets us closer to our bigger goals)?

STEP 2: MAP OUT THE PROCESS (see Exhibit)



STEP 3: ANALYZE	THE PROCESS
(see Exhibit)	

STEP 4: IMPROVE THE PROCESS

GET BUY-IN TO IMPROVE THE PROCESS

CO-CREATE

CREATE A RACI



NARROW A LIST OF OPTIONS USING ICE (Impact-Confidence-Ease)

STEP 5: IMPLEMENT AND COMMUNICATE THE CHANGE

STEP 6: GET OTHERS TO OPTIMIZE AND MAINTAIN PROCESSES WITHOUT YOU

THE PDCA CYCLE

TAKEAWAYS

One	thing	that	surpr	ised	me	toda	y:

One action I will take to optimize work processes:

One insight, tip, or tool I will take back and share with my team:

ABOUT MARK

Mark Kenny helps teams collaborate in ways they never have before—so decisions stick, execution follows, and real change takes hold.

A former software company founder, Mark saw how organizations often try to solve collaboration issues with tools and systems—instead of through people. Today, he speaks, facilitates retreats, and works as a strategic advisor to leadership teams, guiding them through a practical, people-first approach he calls The Collaboration Transformation Framework.

Mark's conversational, grounded style delivers real-world strategies leaders can use right away to bridge divides, re-energize teams, and drive lasting alignment and change. Mark is also an author focused on teamwork and collaboration, father of four grown children, and a former high school girls basketball coach.

Connect with Mark at mark@markskenny.com, call (615) 656-0465, or learn more about his work at MarkSKenny.com.



EXHIBIT: VALUE STREAM MAP CHEAT SHEET (to map and analyze)

Purpose: Make work visible so we can find delay/defects/problems fast.

1) Frame it

- Start → End (name the customer / finished product at the end).
- **Scope:** pick the bounds of one clear process, not everything your team or unit does.

2) Draw it (boxes & arrows)

- **Steps (boxes):** add a process box for each step, 5–9 boxes max. Work backwards. Use **swimlanes** if cross-team.
- Handoffs (arrows): label who → who; mark C/R/L (Central/Regional/Local).

3) Add the minimum data

- People count per step (o number).
- Work time per step (e.g., 3 min).
- Wait time between steps (▲ wait).
- Owners per step (initials or role).

4) Mark trouble

- Waste (pink dot): re-entry, extra approvals, duplicate checks.
- Bottleneck (★ yellow): where work piles up.
- Quality drops (Q blue): errors/redo spots.

5) Timeline bar (bottom)

- Sum Value-Added (VA) vs Wait (NVA) time.
- Circle the largest wait.

6) Ready for analysis

- Write a one-sentence problem for the ★ step.
- Run FOG (Facts/Opinions/Guesses) on that step.



• Start **5 Whys** to an actionable cause.

Legend

Box = step; → = flow; o = people; ▲ = wait; ★ = bottleneck; Q = quality issue; C/R/L = Central/Regional/Local.

Tips

- Map what **actually** happens, not the policy.
- Keep it messy → then tidy in 2 minutes.
- If you hit >9 boxes, you're mapping too big—shrink scope.

Common pitfalls

- No customer named; unclear end.
- Only work time captured (no waits).
- Missing handoffs / owners.
- Mapping the *ideal* instead of the *real*.